



# TGAR-1062/2062/1662 Series IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n Access Point Router User Manual

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www.oring-networking.com



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# **Getting Started**

# 1.1 About TGAR-1062/2062/1662 Series

Designed for industrial and rolling stock wireless applications with two LAN ports in M12 connectors and EN50155 compliance, the ORing TGAR-1062/2062/1662 series are IEEE802.11 a/b/g/n routers capable of providing a fast and effective way to communicate with the Internet over wired or wireless LANs. Consisting of 3G and 4G models, the series of devices can be configured to operate in 3 modes of routing function: dynamic/static IP route, PPPoE authentication, and cellular modem dial up. Users



can set up WLAN environment to fulfill demands of various applications rapidly by dialing up cellular modem. With dual Ethernet ports in switch mode, you can use Daisy Chain to reduce the usage of Ethernet switch ports. The router also provides VPN capabilities which create encrypted virtual tunnels on the Internet, allowing remote or mobile users to connect to the network of your office.

### 1.2 Software Features

- High-speed air connectivity for up to 300Mbps
- High security with support for WEP/WPA/WPA-PSK(TKIP,AES)/ WPA2/WPA2-PSK(TKIP,AES)/802.1X authentication
- Secure management by HTTPs
- Various kinds of WAN connections supported, including dynamic/static IP, PPPoE, and modem dial up
- Configurable IP tables to prevent unauthorized access
- Supports VPN for secure network connection (Open VPN , PPTP VPN)
- Supports NAT setting (virtual server , port trigger , DMZ , UPnP)
- Supports DHCP forwarding through PPTP
- 3.5G HSDPA modem dial up (3G models)
- 4G LTE modem dial up (4G models)
- Supports redundant mode (Recovery time < 10ms) and switch mode in M12 connector (A-coding)
- Wireless connection status monitoring
- Event warning by Syslog, e-mail, SNMP trap, and relay output



# 1.3 Hardware Features

- 2 x 10/100/1000 Base-T(X) Ethernet ports in M12 connectors
- 2 x WLAN antenna connectors (TGAR-1062/2062 series) or 4 x WLAN antenna connectors (TGAR-1662 series)
- 1 x cellular antenna connectors (TGAR-1062/1662 series) or 2 x cellular antenna connectors (TGAR-2062 series)
- EN50155 compliance
- Redundant power inputs: 12~48 VDC
- Casing: IP-40
- Dimensions: 125.6mm (W) x 65mm (D) x 196.1mm (H) (4.94 x 2.55 x 7.72 inch)
- Operating temperature: -25 to 70°C
- Storage temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Wall mounting enabled



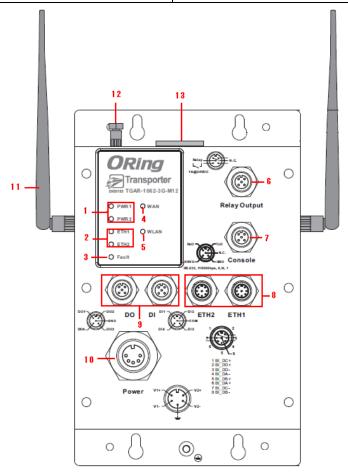
# Hardware Overview

# 2.1 Front Panel

# 2.1.1 Ports and Connectors

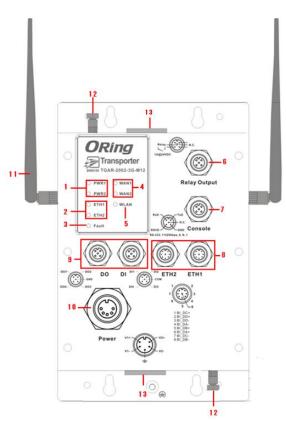
The series is equipped with the following ports and features on the front panel.

Port	Description	
10/100/1000 Base-T(X) Ethernet ports	2 x 10/100/1000 Base-T(X) ports supporting	
with M12 connectors (D-coding)	auto-negotiation.	
Relay output with M12 (A-coding)	1 x relay output to carry capacity of 1A at 24VDC	
connector		
M23 power connector with redundant	Dual power inputs for 12~48 VDC	
power inputs	Dual power inputs for 12~46 VDC	
DIDO with M12 connector (D-coding)	4 x digital input / 4 x digital output	

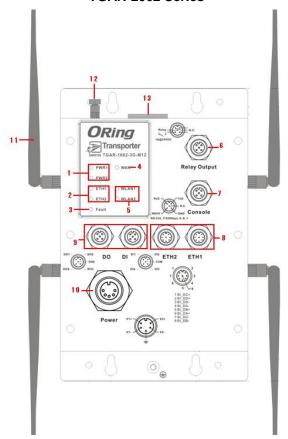


**TGAR-1062 Series** 





**TGAR-2062 Series** 



**TGAR-1662 Series** 



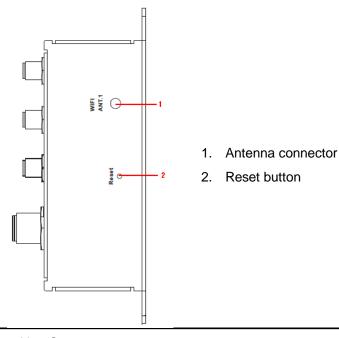
- 1. Power status LED
- 2. LAN port status LED
- 3. Fault status LED
- 4. WAN status LED
- 5. WLAN status LED
- 6. Relay output port

- 7. Console & Backup unit port
- 8. Ethernet LAN ports
- 9. DI/DO ports
- 10. Power connector
- 11. 2.4/5GHz antenna
- 12. Cellular antenna connector
- 13. SIM card slot

# 2.1.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR1	Green	On	DC power 1 activated.
PWR2	Green	On	DC power 2 activated.
FT114	Croon	On	Port is linked
ETH1	Green	Blinking	Data transmitted.
	Green	On	Port is linked
ETH2	Green	Blinking	Transmitting data
		On	Port is linked
MILANIA (O)	Green	On	WLAN is activated
WLAN 1 (2)	Green	Blinking	Transmitting data
WAN1 (2)	Green	On	Modem is connected
Fault	Red	On	Error occurs (power fails or port disconnected)

# 2.2 Side Panel

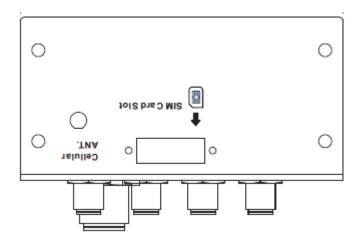




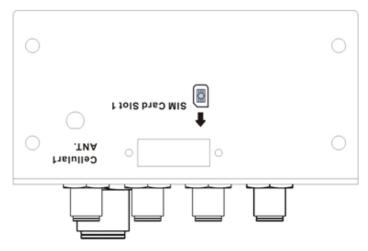
**Note**: to restore the device configurations back to the factory defaults, press the Reset button for a few seconds. Once the power indicator starts to flash, release the button. The device will then reboot and return to factory defaults.

# 2.2 Top Panel

On the top panel sits a SIM card slot and a cellular antenna connector, as show as below.



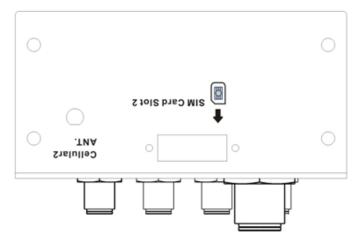
**TGAR-1062/1662 Series** 



**TGAR-2062 Series** 



# 2.3 Bottom Panel



**TGAR-2062 Series** 



# Hardware Installation



**Elevated Operating Ambient**: If installed in a closed environment, make sure the operating ambient temperature is compatible with the maximum ambient temperature (Tma) specified by the manufacturer.



**Reduced Air Flow**: Make sure the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised during installation.

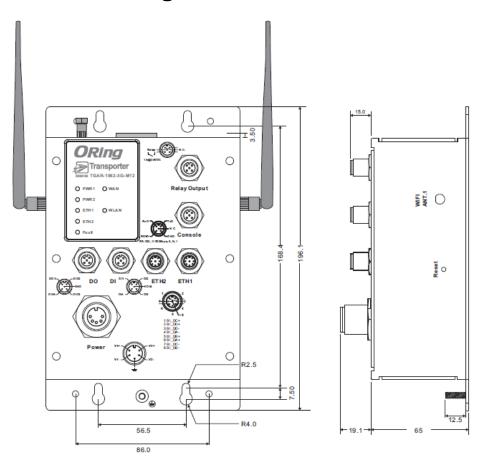


**Mechanical Loading**: Make sure the mounting of the equipment is not in a hazardous condition due to uneven mechanical loading.



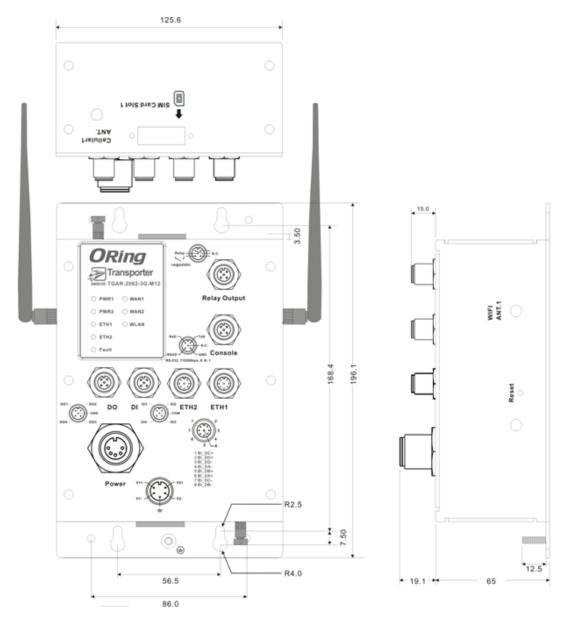
**Circuit Overloading**: Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

# 3.1 Wall Mounting Installation



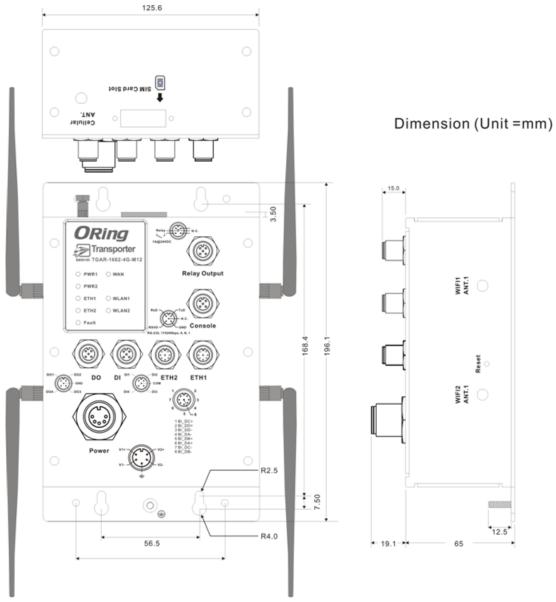
**TGAR-1062 Series Wall-mount Kit Measurement** 





**TGAR-2062 Series Wall-mount Kit Measurement** 



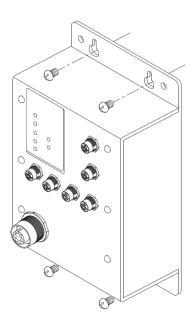


TGAR-1662 Series Wall-mount Kit Measurement

The device can be fixed to the wall. Follow the steps below to install the device on the wall.

- Step 1: Hold the router upright against the wall
- **Step 2**: Insert four screws through the large opening of the keyhole-shaped apertures at the top and bottom of the unit and fasten the screw to the wall with a screwdriver.
- Step 3: Slide the router downwards and tighten the four screws for added stability.







Instead of screwing the screws in all the way, it is advised to leave a space of about 2mm to allow room for sliding the switch between the wall and the screws.

# 3.2 Wiring



#### **WARNING**

Be sure to switch off the power and make sure the area is not hazardous before disconnecting modules or wires. The devices may only be connected to the supply voltage shown on the type plate.

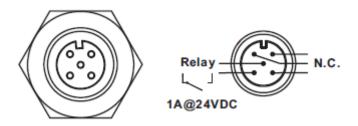
# 3.2.1 Grounding

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground pin on the power connector to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

# 3.2.2 Fault Relay

The router uses a M12 A-coded 5-pin male connector on the front panel for relay output. Use a power cord with an M12 A-coded 5-pin female connector to connect the relay. The relay contacts will detect user-configured events and form an open circuit when an event is triggered.



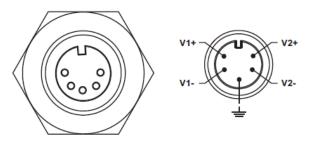


# 3.2.3 Redundant Power Inputs

The device supports two sets of power supplies and uses the M23 5-pin female connector on the front panel for the dual power inputs.

Step 1: Insert a power cable to the power connector on the device.

**Step 2**: Rotate the outer ring of the cable connector until a snug fit is achieved. Make sure the connection is tight





#### **ATTENTION**

- Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your routers.
- Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.
- 3. If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.
- 4. Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.
- 5. Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring through the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.
- 6. You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring sharing similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together
- 7. You should separate input wiring from output wiring
- 8. It is advised to label the wiring to all devices in the system



# **Cables and Antenna**

# 4.1 Ethernet Pin Definition

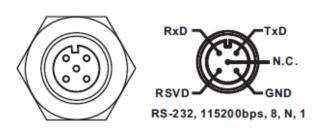
The routers have two 10/100/1000 Base-T(X) Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the AP uses CAT 3, 4, 5, 5e, UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10Base-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45
100Base-T(X)	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45
1000Base-T(X)	Cat 5e,6	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45



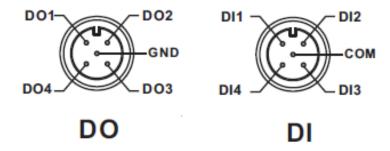
PIN	Definition
1	BI_DC+
2	BI_DD+
3	BI_DD-
4	BI_DA-
5	BI_DB+
6	BI_DA+
7	BI_DC-
8	BI_DB-

# 4.2 Console Port Pin Definition



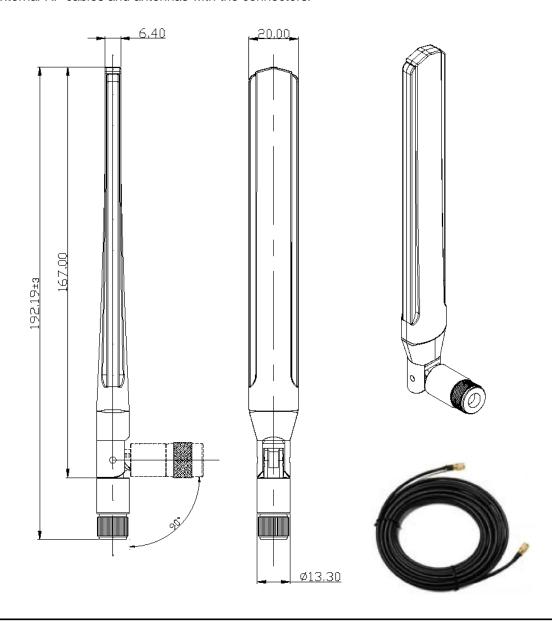


# 4.3 DI/DO



# 4.4 Wireless Antenna

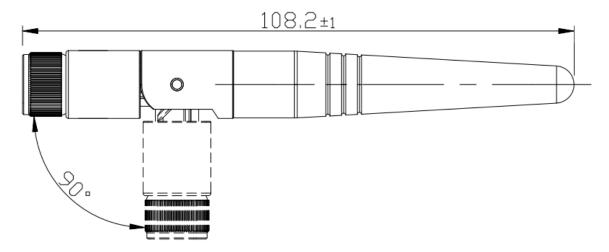
The series uses 2.4GHz/5GHz antennas with reversed SMA connectors. You can also use external RF cables and antennas with the connectors.



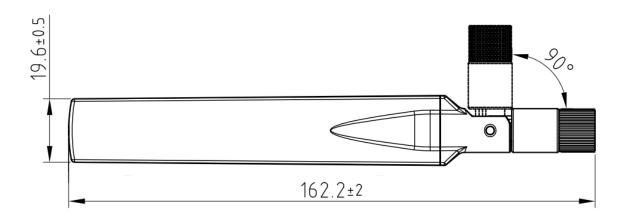


# 4.5 Cellular Antenna

The series are packed with one or two 3G and 4G antennas. External RF cables and antennas can also be used with the connector.



3G Cellular Antenna



4G LTE Antenna



# <u>Management</u>

# 5.1 Network Connection

Before installing the router, you need to be able to access the router via a computer equipped with an Ethernet card or wireless LAN interface. To simplify the connection, it is recommended to use an Ethernet card to connect to a LAN.

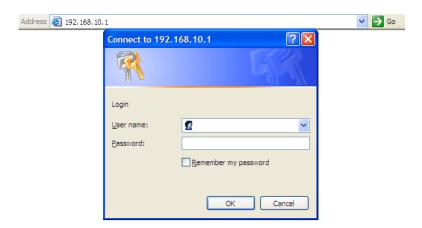


**Network Connection of the Router** 

Before installing the router, you need a computer equipped with an Ethernet card or wireless LAN interface. To simplify the connection, it is recommended to use an Ethernet card to connect to a LAN. Follow the steps below to install and connect the router to PCs:

- **Step 1**: Select a power source. The router can be powered by +12~48V DC power input, or via a PoE (Power over Ethernet) PSE Ethernet switch.
- **Step 2**: Connect a computer to the router. Use either a straight-through Ethernet cable or cross-over cable to connect the ETH1 port of the router to a computer. Once the LED of the LAN port lights up, which indicates the connection is established, the computer will initiate a DHCP request to retrieve an IP address from the AP router.
- **Step 3**: Configure the router on a web-based management utility. Open a web browser on your computer and type <a href="http://192.168.10.1">http://192.168.10.1</a> (default gateway IP of the router) in the address box to access the webpage. A login window will pop up where you can enter the default login name **admin** and password **admin**. For security reasons, we strongly recommend you to change the password. Click on **System Tools** > **Login Setting** after logging in to change the password.



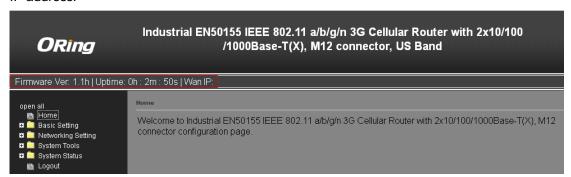


After you log in successfully, a Web interface will appear, as shown below. On the left hand side of the interface is a list of functions where you can configure the settings. The details of the configurations will be shown on the right screen.



# 5.2 Configuration

On top of the Home screen shows information about the firmware version, uptime, and WAN IP address.



Label	Description
Firmware	Shows the current firmware version
Uptime	Shows the elapsed time since the AP router is started
Wan IP	Shows WAN IP address

# 5.2.1 Basic Setting

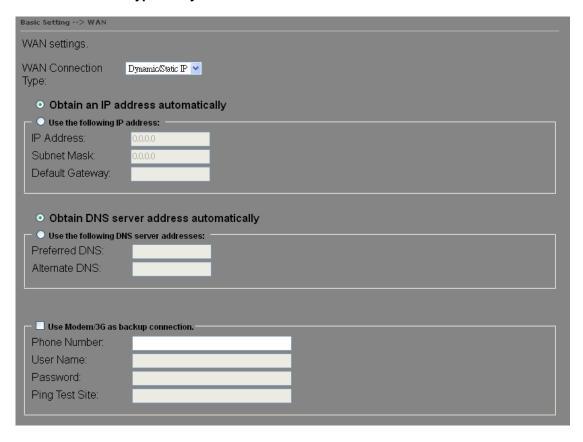
This section will guide you through the general settings for the router.



### **WAN**

This page allows you to configure WAN settings. Different WAN connection types will have different settings.

### WAN Connection Type as Dynamic/Static IP:



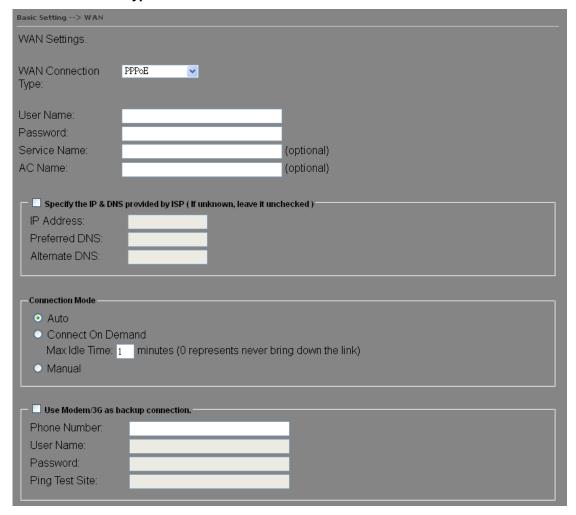
Label	Description
Obtain an IP address	Select this option if you want the IP address of the WAN port to be
automatically	assigned automatically by the DHCP server in your network.
Use the following IP	Select this option if you want to assign an IP address to the WAN
address	port manually. You should set IP Address, Subnet Mask, and
	Default Gateway according to IP rules.
Obtain DNS server	Obtains a DNS server address from a DHCP server. If you have
address	chosen to obtain an IP address automatically, this option will be
automatically	selected accordingly.
Use the following	Specifies a DNS server address manually. You can enter two
DNS server	addresses as the primary and secondary options.
addresses	
Use Modem/3G as	Enable this option if you want to use Modem/3G as a backup
backup connection	connection when main connection is lost.



Enter your account username and password in the corresponding fields.

Type a website address such as <a href="www.google.com">www.google.com</a> in Ping Test Site to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.

### **WAN Connection Type as PPPoE:**

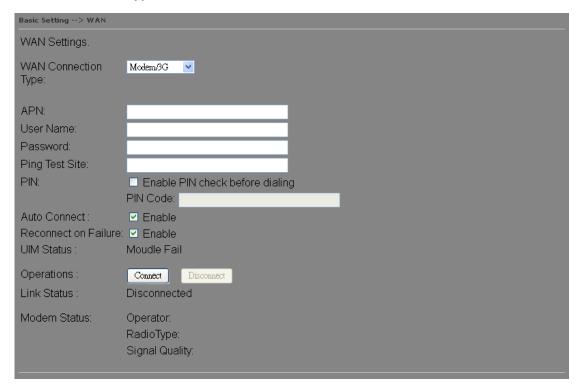


Label	Description
User Name /	Enter the username & password provided by your ISP.
Password	
Service Name	Enter the service name provided by your ISP
AC Name	Enter the name of the access concentrator provided by your ISP
Specify the IP & DNS	Enter a static IP and DNS address required by other ISPs
provided by ISP	
Connection Made	Auto: connect automatically when the router boots up
Connection Mode	Connect on Demand: disconnect the PPP session if the router



	has had no traffic for a specified amount of time. Fill a number in
	the Max Idle Time field.
	Manual: connects or disconnects manually via the
	Connect/Disconnect buttons at the end of the page
	Enable this option if you want to use modem/3G as a backup
	connection when main connection is lost.
Use Modem/3G as	Enter your account username and password in the corresponding
backup connection	fields.
	Type a website address such as www.google.com in Ping Test
	Site to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.

### WAN Connection Type as Modem/3G/4G

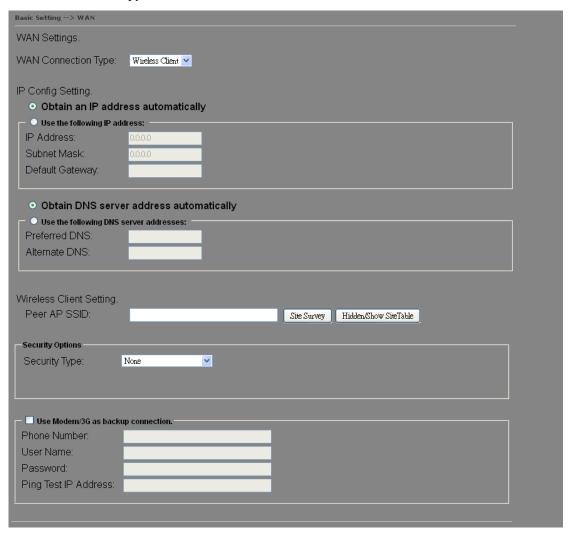


Label	Description
APN	Enter the APN value (optional)
User Name	Enter the user name provided by your ISP
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP
PIN	Enter a PIN code if you want to perform PIN check
Auto Connect	Check to start connections when the router boots up
Reconnect on Failure	Check to allow for reconnection when links fail
UIM Status	Shows the status of SIM card



Operations	Click Connect to start modem/3G connections or Disconnect to	
	shut down connections	
Link Status	Shows the status of connections	
Modem Status	Shows information about the modem	

### **WAN Connection Type as Wireless Client**



Label	Description
Obtain an IP	Select this option if you want the IP address of the WAN port to be
address	assigned automatically by the DHCP server in your network.
automatically	assigned automatically by the DHCF server in your network.
Use the following IP	Select this option if you want to assign an IP address to the WAN
address	port manually. You should set IP Address, Subnet Mask, and
	Default Gateway according to IP rules.
Obtain DNS server	Obtains a DNS server address from a DHCP server. If you have



address	chosen to obtain an IP address automatically, this option will be
automatically	selected accordingly.
Use the following	Specifies a DNS server address manually. You can enter two
DNS server	addresses as the primary and secondary options.
addresses	
Peer AP SSID	Enter the SSID of the AP you want to connect as a client
Site Survey	Click the button to browse available sites if you do not know the
	SSID. A list of available sites will be displayed.
Security Type	Select the security type used by the client you want to connect
Use Modem/3G as	Enable this option if you want to use modem/3G as a backup
backup connection	connection when main connection is lost.
	Enter your account username and password in the corresponding
	fields.
	Type a website address such as www.google.com in Ping Test Site
	to use it to check if the connection is alive or lost.

### LAN

This page allows you to configure the IP settings of the LAN for the router. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and is not visible to Internet.



Label	Description
Router Name	Enter the name of your router
IP Address	The IP address of the LAN. The default value is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask of the LAN. The default value is 255.255.255.0
LLDP Protocol	LLDP is a vendor-neutral protocol used by network devices for
	advertising their identity, capabilities, and neighbors on a LAN. You
	can enable or disable LLDP protocol.

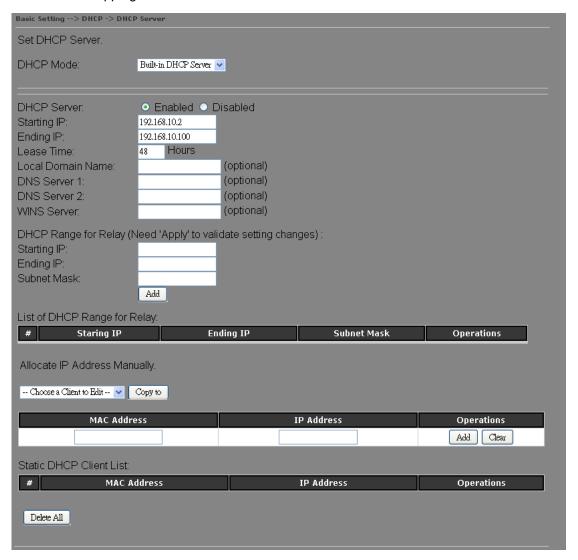
### **DHCP**

DHCP is a network protocol designed to allow devices connected to a network to communicate with each other using an IP address. The connection works in a



client-server model, in which DHCP clients request an IP address from a DHCP server. The router comes with a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) server which assigns an IP address to a computer (DHCP client) on the LAN automatically. The router can also serve as a relay agent which will forward DHCP requests from DHCP clients to a DHCP server on the Internet.

The IP allocation provides one-to-one mapping of MAC address to IP address. When a computer with a MAC address requesting an IP address from the router, it will be assigned with the IP address according to the mapping. You can choose one from the client list and add it to the mapping list.



Label	Description
DHCP Mode	Available options include <b>Built-in DHCP Server</b> and <b>DHCP</b>
	Forwarder. Built-in DHCP Server will enable the router to
	automatically assign an IP address to a computer on the LAN.



	DHCP Forwarder will forward DHCP messages to a server on
	the Internet to handle DHCP requests. If you choose <b>DHCP</b>
	Forwarder, enter a DHCP server IP address.
DHCP Server	Enables or disables the DHCP server function. The default
	setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Starting IP	The starting IP address of the IP range assigned by the DHCP
	server
Ending IP	The ending IP address of the IP range assigned by the DHCP
	server
Lease Time	The period of time for the IP address to be leased. During the
	lease time, the DHCP server cannot assign that IP address to
	any other clients. Enter a number in the field. The default setting
	is 48 hours.
Local Domain Name	Enter the local domain name of a private network (optional)
DNS Server 1&2	Enter the IP address for the DNS server (optional)
WINS Server	Enter the WINS server (optional)
Starting IP	The starting IP for the DHCP relay range
Ending IP	The ending IP for the DHCP relay range
Subnet Mask	Enter a Subnet mask for the DHCP relay range
List of DHCP Range	Shows all IP addresses for the DHCP relay range
for Relay	, ,
Allocate IP Address	By selecting an IP address from the drop-down list and click
Manually	Copy to, you can edit the MAC addresses and IP addresses
	already assigned by the router and add it to Static DHCP Client
	List.
MAC Address	The MAC addresses of the computer.
IP Address	The IP address to be related to the MAC address.
Static DHCP Client List	Shows the IP addresses locked to specific MAC addresses

# **Wireless AP**

You can set the device to work in AP mode. This is the most common mode for all wireless APs. In this mode, the AP will act as a central connection point which other wireless clients can connect to.





Label	Description
SSID index	The index of the SSID
	SSID (Service Set Identifier) is a unique name that identifies a
CCID	network. All devices on the network must be set with the same
SSID	SSID in order to communicate with each other. Fill in a new
	SSID in this field if you do not want to use the default value.
	Specify a channel to be used. <b>Channel 6</b> is the default channel.
Channel	You can also select a new number from the dropdown list. All
Channel	devices on the network must be set to use the same channel to
	communicate on the network.
	A WDS master is the central control point for authenticating
	wireless clients, caching client key material, distributing MFP
WDS-Master Mode	key material, reporting radio management information to an
WD5-Master Mode	upstream network management station, and updating other APs
	participating in WDS. You can set the device as the
	WDS-master by selecting from the list.
	This function prevents devices connected to an AP from
AP Isolation	communicating directly with each other. This function is useful
	when many wireless clients request your network frequently.
	You can choose the security type for your WLAN connection
	from the following options:
Security options	None: no encryption
	WEP: WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a wireless security
	protocol for WLAN. WEP will encrypt data transmitted on the
	WLAN.



WPA/WPA2 Personal: uses a pre-shared key for authentication. This pre-shared key is then dynamically sent between the AP and clients. Each authorized computer is given the same pass phrase.

WPA/WPA2 Enterprise: this type includes all of the features of WPA/WPA2 Personal plus support for 802.1x RADIUS authentication.

802.1x: authentication through a RADIUS server

When you set security type as **WEP**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.



Label	Description
	Available values include <b>Open</b> , <b>Shared</b> , and <b>WEPAUTO</b> . When
	choosing Open or Shared, all of the clients must select the
Auth Mode	same authentication to associate this AP. If select WEPAUTO,
	the clients do not have to use the same Open or Shared
	authentication. They can choose any one to authenticate.
WEP Encryption	You can select 64 Bit or 128 Bit.
	Available values include <b>ASCII</b> and <b>Hex Key Type</b> . ASCII
	(American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a
Koy Typo	code for representing English characters as numbers in the
Key Type	range from 0 to 127. Hex digits uses 0-9 to represent values
	zero to nine, and characters A-F to represent values ten to
	fifteen.
Default Key Index	Select one of the keys to be the active key
Key 1 to 4	You can input up to four encryption keys.



When you set security type as **WPA/WPA2-Personal**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.



Label	Description
	Available values include WPAPSK, WPA2PSK, and
	WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix. WPAPSK and WPA2PSK will
	encrypt the link without additional RADIUS server, only an
Auth Mode	access point and client station that supports WPA-PSK is
	required. For WPA/WPA2, authentication is achieved via WPA
	RADIUS Server. You need a RADIUS or other authentication
	server on the network.
	Available values include TKIP, AES, and TKIP/AES mix.
Enoruntian Tuna	WPA-PSK uses TKIP encryption, and WPA2-PSK uses AES
Encryption Type	encryption. TKIP/AES provides the most reliable security, and is
	easiest to implement.
Sharad Kay	Enter a pass phrase in this field. The value must be within 8 to
Shared Key	64 characters

When you set security type as **WPA /WPA2 Enterprise**, the following screen will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.

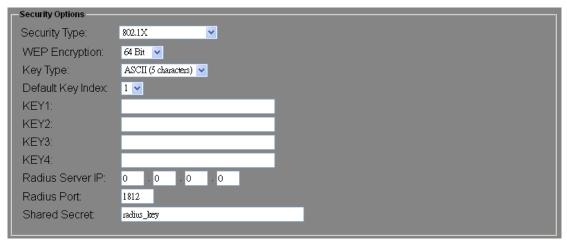


Label	Description
Auth Mode	Available values include WPAPSK, WPA2PSK, and
	WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix. WPAPSK and WPA2PSK will
	encrypt the link without additional RADIUS server, only an
	access point and client station that supports WPA-PSK is



	required. For WPA/WPA2, authentication is achieved via WPA
	RADIUS Server. You need a RADIUS or other authentication
	server on the network.
	Available values include TKIP, AES, and TKIP/AES mix.
Enoruntion Type	WPA-PSK uses TKIP encryption, and WPA2-PSK uses AES
Encryption Type	encryption. TKIP/AES provides the most reliable security, and is
	easiest to implement.
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server
Radius Port	Enter the RADIUS port (default is 1812)
Shared Secret	Enter the RADIUS password or key

When you set security type as **802.1x**, the following fields will appear to allow you to configure individual settings.



Label	Description
WEP Encryption	You can select 64 Bit or 128 Bit.
Кеу Туре	Available values include <b>ASCII</b> and <b>Hex Key Type</b> . ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English characters as numbers in the range from 0 to 127. Hex digits uses 0–9 to represent values zero to nine, and
Default Key Index	characters A-F to represent values ten to fifteen.  Select one of the keys to be the active key
Key 1 to 4	Input up to four encryption keys
Radius Server IP	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server
Radius Port	Enter the RADIUS port (default is 1812)
Shared Secret	Enter the RADIUS password or key

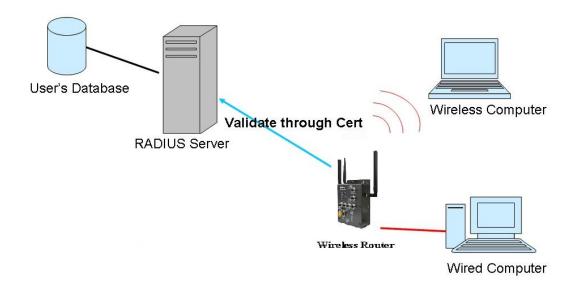
RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) is a widely deployed protocol that



enables companies to authenticate and authorize remote users' access to a system or service from a central network server.

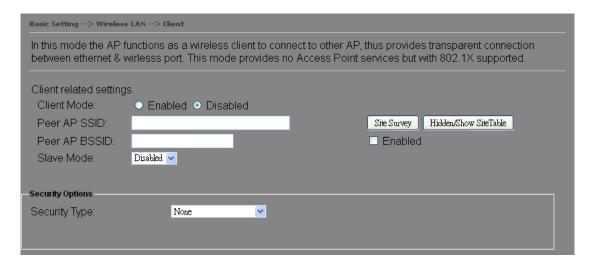
When you configure the remote access server for RADIUS authentication, the credentials of the connection request are passed to the RADIUS server for authentication and authorization. If the request is both authenticated and authorized, the RADIUS server sends an accept message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is accepted. If the request is either not authenticated or not authorized, the RADIUS server sends a reject message back to the remote access server and the connection attempt is rejected.

#### The principle of the Radius server is shown in the following pictures:



### **Client Mode**

In this mode, the router functions as a wireless client to connect your wired devices to a wireless network. This mode provides no access point services but supports 802.1X.





Label	Description
Peer AP SSID	Enter the SSID of the AP you want to connect as a client
Peer AP BSSID	Enter the BSSID (Wireless MAC address) to limit client target
Site Survey	You can scan APs on the network using this mode.
Slave Mode	Enables or disables slave mode
Security Type	Select the security type used by the client you want to connect

### **DDNS**

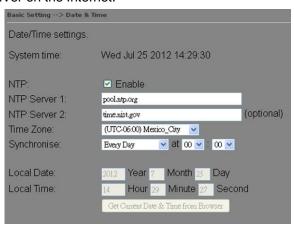
DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) allows you to configure a domain name for your IP address which is dynamically assigned by your ISP. Therefore, you can use a static domain name that always points to the current dynamic IP address.



Label	Description
DDNS Service	Choose a DDNS service provider from the list
User Name	Enter the user name of your DDNS account
Password	Enter the password of your DDNS account
Domain	Enter the domain name provided by your dynamic DNS service provider

### **Date & Time**

In this page, you can set the date & time of the device. A correct date and time will help the system log events. You can set up a NTP (Network Time Protocol) client to synchronize date & time with a NTP server on the Internet.





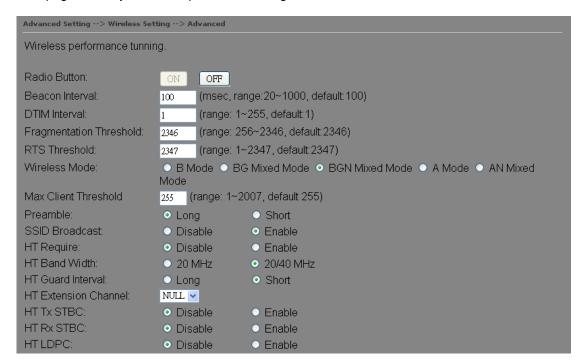
Label	Description
NTP	Enables or disables NTP function
NTP Server 1	The primary NTP server
NTP Server 2	The secondary NTP server
Time Zone	Select the time zone you are located in
Synchronize	Specify the scheduled time for synchronization
Local Date	Set a local date manually
Local Time	Set a local time manually
Get Current Date &	Click to set the time from your browser
Time from Browser	

# 5.2.2 Networking Setting

This section will guide you through various networking settings, including wireless, NAT, firewall, VPN, VRRP, and routing protocol.

### Wireless Setting - Advanced Setting

This page allows you to set up wireless configuration.

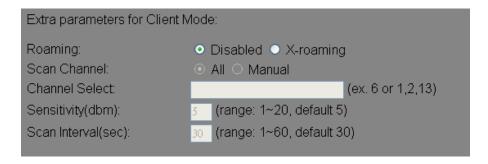


Label	Description
Radio Button	Enables or disables wireless function
Beacon Interval	A beacon is a packet sent by a wireless access point to
	synchronize wireless devices. The beacon interval value indicates



	T
	the frequency interval of the beacon. Increasing the beacon
	interval reduces the number of beacons and the overhead
	associated with them. The default value is <b>100</b> , but <b>50</b> is
	recommended when reception is poor.
DTIM Interval	A DTIM interval determines how often a beacon frame includes
	a Delivery Traffic Indication message, a message that informs
	the clients about the presence of buffered multicast/broadcast
	data on the access point. The message is generated within the
	periodic beacon at a frequency specified by the DTIM Interval.
	When the AP sends a DTIM with a DTIM interval value, the client
	hearing the beacons will awake to receive the messages. The
	default value is 1, and the value must be between 1 and 255
	milliseconds.
Fragmentation	The value specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is
Threshold	fragmented into multiple packets. The value should remain at the
	default 2346 (the range is 256 - 2346 bytes). If you experience a
	high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the value. Setting
	the value too low may result in poor network performance. Only
	minor modifications of this value are recommended.
RTS Threshold	The RTS (Request to Send) Threshold is the amount of time a
	wireless device, attempting to send, will wait for a recipient to
	acknowledge that it is ready. Normally, the AP sends a RTS frame
	to a station and negotiates the sending of data. After receiving the
	RTS, the station responds with a CTS (Clear to Send) frame to
	acknowledge the right to begin transmission. To ensure
	communication, the maximum value should be used, which is the
	default value 2347 (the range is 0-2347 bytes). If a network
	packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the
	RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled.
Wireless Mode	You can select 802.11 b, b/g, or b/g/n mode.
Preamble	Available values include <b>Long</b> and <b>Short</b> , with <b>Long</b> as the
	default value. If all clients and access points in your wireless
	network support short preamble, then enabling it can boost
	overall throughput. However, if any wireless device does not
	support short preamble, then it will not be able to communicate
	with your network. If you are not sure whether your radio supports
	the short RF preamble, you must disable this feature.

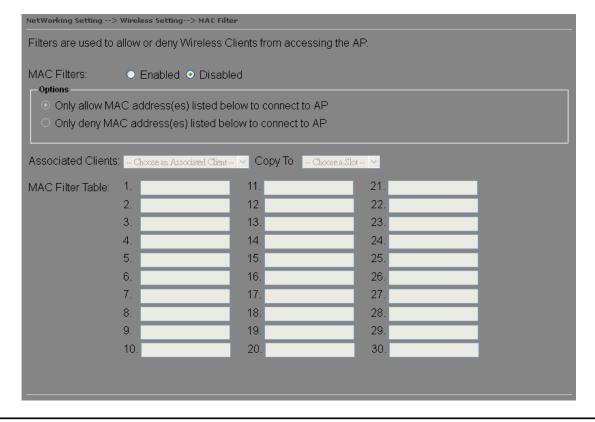




Label	Description
Roaming	Select <b>Disabled</b> to disable X-Roaming protocol or select
	X-roaming to enable X-Roaming protocol
Scan Channel	Select All to scan all supported channels or Manual to scan only
	selected channels specified in Channel Select.
Channel Select	Assign the value roaming channels
Sensitivity	Configures signal sensitivity
Scan Interval	Configures scan interval

#### Wireless Setting - MAC Filter

This page allows you to set up MAC filters to allow or deny wireless clients to connect to the router. You can manually add a MAC address or select a MAC address from the Associated Clients list currently associated with the router.





Label	Description
MAC Filter	Select <b>Enabled</b> or <b>Disabled</b> to activate or deactivate MAC filters
Options	Select one of the options to allow or deny the MAC address in
	the list
Associated Clients	Shows the wireless MAC addresses associated with the router
MAC Filter Table	You can edit up to MAC addresses in these fields
Apply	Click to activate the configurations

#### **NAT Setting - Virtual Server**

This page allows you to set up virtual server setting. A virtual server allows Internet users to access services on your LAN. This is a useful function if you host services online such as FTP, Web or game servers. A public port must be defined for the virtual server on your router in order to redirect traffic to an internal LAN IP address and LAN port. Any PC used as a virtual server must have a static or reserved IP address.



Label	Description
Virtual Server	Select Enabled or Disabled to activate or deactivate virtual
	server
Description	Enter the description of the entry. Acceptable characters are 0-9,
	a-z, and A-Z. A null value is allowed.
Public IP	Enter a public IP allowed to access the virtual service. If not
	specified, choose All.
Public Port	The port number to be used to access the virtual service on the



	WAN (Wide Area Network)
Protocol	The protocol used for the virtual service
Local IP	The IP address of the computer that will provide virtual service
Local Port	The port number of the service used by the private IP computer
Enable Now	Enables the virtual server entry after adding it
Virtual server list	Click Edit to edit the virtual service entry and Del to delete the
	entry.

#### NAT Setting – DMZ

DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet without passing through the security settings and therefore is unsecured. This feature is useful for special purposes such as gaming.

To use this function, you need to set an internal computer as the DMZ host by entering its IP address. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so use this function carefully.



Label	Description
DMZ	Enables or disables DMZ
Description	Enter a description for the DMZ host entry
DMZ Host IP	Enter the IP address of the computer to act as the DMZ host

## NAT Setting - UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) feature allows Internet devices to access local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP-enabled devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.

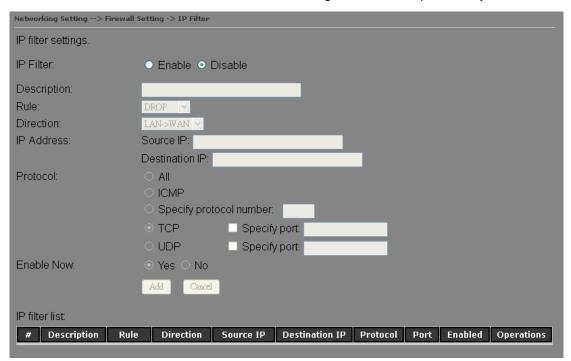




Label	Description
UPnP	Enable or disable UPnP.
Enable NAT-PMP	NAT-PMP allows a computer in a private network (behind a NAT
	router) to automatically configure the router to allow parties
	outside the private network to contact with each other. NAT-PMP
	operates with UDP. It essentially automates the process of port
	forwarding. Check the box to enable NAT-PMP.
UPnP List	This table lists the current auto port forwarding information.
	Application: The application that generates this port forwarding.
	Ext Port: The port opened on WAN
	Protocol: The protocol type
	Int Port: The port redirected to the local computer
	IP Address: The IP address of local computer to be redirected to

### Firewall Setting - IP Filter

IP filters enable you to control the forwarding of incoming and outgoing data between your LAN and the Internet and within your LAN. This control is implemented via IP filter rules which are defined to block attempts by certain computers on your LAN to access certain types of data or Internet locations. You can also block incoming access to computers on your LAN.





Label	Description
IP Filter	Enables or disables the IP Filter
Description	Enter description for the entry.
Rule	Configures the rules to be applied to the IP filter. Available options
	include DROP, ACCEPT, and REJECT.
Direction	Specifies the direction of data flow to be filtered
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the source and destination computer
Protocol	Configures the protocol to be filtered
Enable Now	Click <b>Yes</b> to enable the entry after adding it
IP filter list	Shows the information of all IP filters. Click <b>Edit</b> to edit the entry
	or <b>Del</b> to delete the entry.

## Firewall Setting - MAC Filter

This page enables you to deny or allow LAN computers to access the Internet based on their MAC addresses.



Label	Description
MAC Filter	Enables or disables the MAC Filter
Description	Enter description for the entry
Rule	Configures the rules to be applied to the MAC filter. Available
	options include DROP, ACCEPT, and REJECT.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC address to be filtered
Enable Now	Click <b>Yes</b> to enable the entry after adding it
IP filter list	Shows the information of all MAC filters. Click <b>Edit</b> to edit the
	entry or <b>Del</b> to delete the entry.

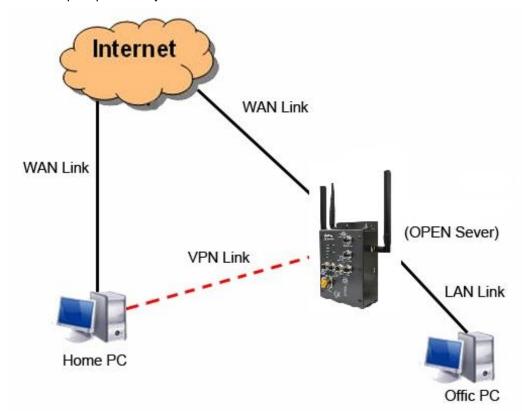


### Vpn Setting – Open Vpn

A VPN is a method of linking two locations as if they are on a local private network to facilitate data transmission and ensure data security. The links between the locations are known as tunnels. VPN can achieve confidentiality, authentication, and integrity of data by utilizing encapsulation protocols, encryption algorithms, and hashing algorithms.

Open VPN enables you to easily set up a virtual private network over an encrypted connection. It is a full-function SSL VPN solution which accommodates a wide range of configurations including remote access, site-to-site VPNs, WiFi security, and enterprise-level remote access with load balancing, failover, and fine-grained access control features.

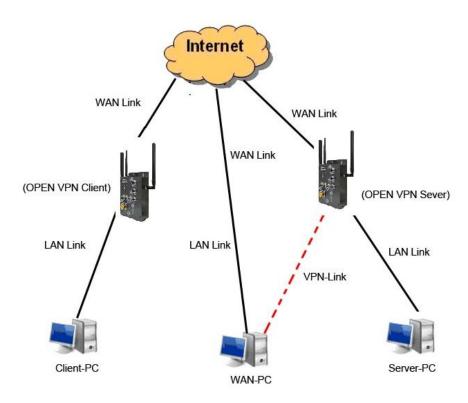
To set up your router as an Open VPN server, you need to install openvpn client software for your Windows-based PC. You can download it from <a href="http://openvpn.net/download.html#stablel">http://openvpn.net/download.html#stablel</a>. The software version must match the current version of Openvpn used by IGAR-2062+-3G/4G which is version 2.0.9.



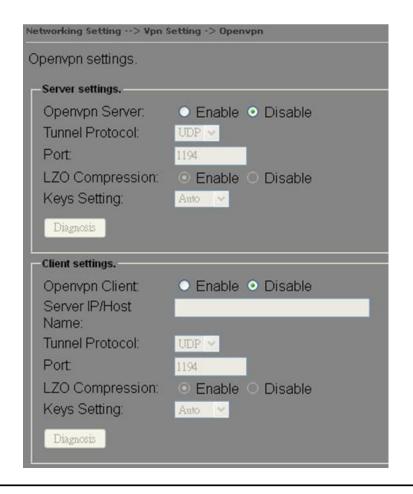
**Connection to Open VPN Server** 

When you enable Open VPN Client, you need two routers to create site-to-site VPN connections. The server IP and client IP address should be within the same network domain.





**Open VPN Server and Client Connection** 



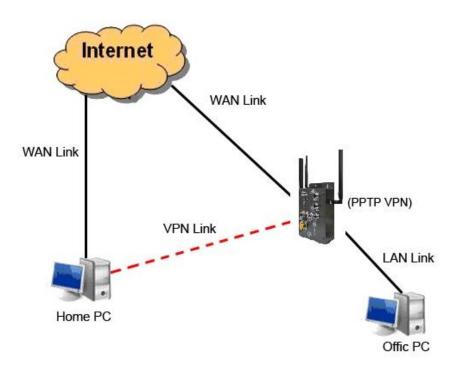


Label	Description
Open VPN Server	Enables or disables the function of Open VPN server
Tunnel Protocol	Select <b>UDP</b> or <b>TCP</b> protocol depending on your needs. TCP is more
	reliable than UDP, but UDP performs better than TCP. It is
	recommended to use UDP if the distance between VPN server and
	client is short; otherwise, use TCP.
Port	The number of the port (default is 1194).
LZO Compression	Enables or disables the function of LZO Compression
Keys Setting	Select Auto to use preset certificates or Manual to use your
	certificates. Please install openvpn client software to generate your
	certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit
	openvpn website.
Open VPN Client	Enables or disables the function of Open VPN client.
Server IP	Enter the Open VPN server IP address
Tunnel Protocol	Select <b>UDP</b> or <b>TCP</b> protocol depending on your needs. TCP is more
	reliable than UDP, but UDP performs better than TCP. It is
	recommended to use UDP if the distance between VPN server and
	client is short; otherwise, use TCP.
Port	The number of the port (default is 1194).
LZO Compression	Enables or disables the LZO Compression
Keys Setting	Select Auto to use preset certificates or Manual to use your
	certificates. Please install openvpn client software to generate your
	certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit
	openvpn website.

## **Vpn Setting – PPTP VPN**

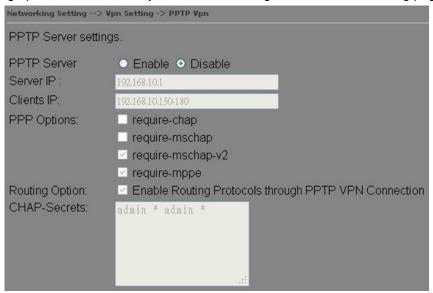
PPTP (Point to Point Tunneling Protocol) VPN allows PCs connected to the router through WAN ports to act as PCs in the same LAN.





To create a PPTP connection to the router, you must create a new network connection on your Windows PC by right clicking **Network > Property > Create a new connection > Connect to my work space (VPN) > Use VPN to Internet**, and then enter the user name and password set in the page.

After setting up a new connection, you can make configurations in the following page.



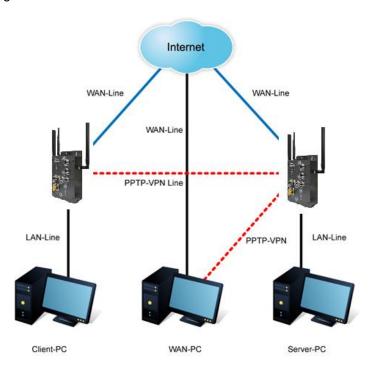
Label	Description
PPTP Server	Enables or disables PPTP VPN server
Server IP	Enter the server IP address. The default value is the IP address
	of the connected LAN port.

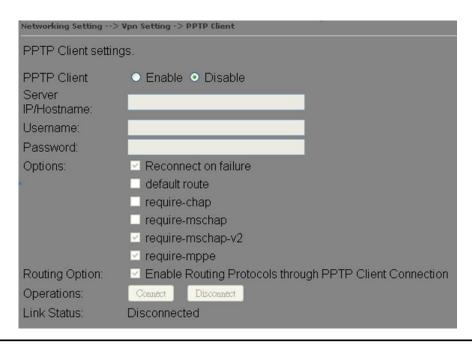


Client IP	Enter the IP address range in the form of 192.168.10.xx-xx. The
	connected client will be assigned with an IP address.
CHAP-Secrets	Enter the username and password pairs in the form of user *
	pass *. Multiple username and password pairs are allowed.

#### **Vpn Setting – PPTP Client**

If a router wants to link to the routers in different networks, you should enable PPTP client in the following page.





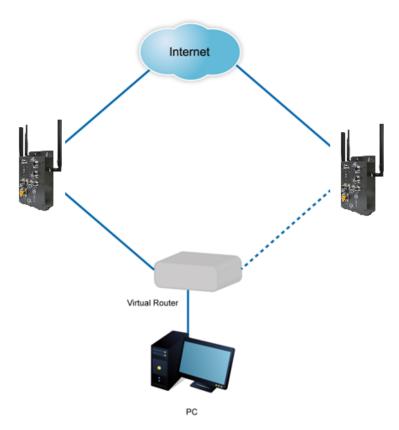


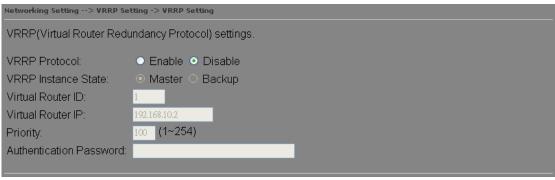
Label	Description
PPTP Client	Enables or disables PPTP client
Server IP/Hostname	Enter the server IP address or hostname
Username/Password	Enter the username and password assigned by PPTP server
	Choose the rules to be applied
	Reconnect on failure: prompts automatic reconnection when the link
	fails.
	Require-chap: check to use chap authentication on your PPTP
	server
Ontions	Require-mschap: check to use mschap authentication on your PPTP
Options	server
	Require-mschap-v2: check to use mschap-v2 authentication on your
	PPTP server
	Require MPPE: check to use MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point
	Encryption) encryption on data transmitted through PPP
	(Point-to-Point Protocol) and VPN links.
Operations	Click Connect to link to the server or Disconnect to disconnect from
	the server
Link Status	Show the status of the link

#### **VRRP**

A VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is a computer networking protocol aimed to eliminate the single point of failure by automatically assigning available IP routers to participating hosts. Using a virtual router ID (VRID) address and virtual router IP (VRIP) address to represent itself, a virtual router consists of two or more physical routers, including one master router and one or more backup routers. All routers in the virtual router group share the same VRID and VRIP. The master router provides primary routing and the backup routers monitor the status of the master router and become active if the master router fails.







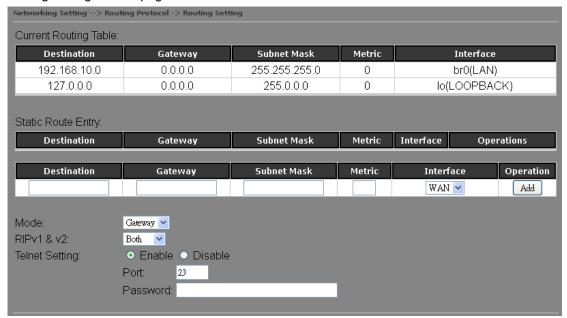
Label	Description
VRRP Protocol	Enables or disables VRRP function
VRRP Instance State	Specifies the router to act as the master or backup router
Virtual Router ID	A VRID consists of one master router and one or more backup routers. The master router is the router that owns the IP address you associate with the VRID. Configure the VRID on the router that owns the default gateway interface. The other router in the VRID does not own the IP address associated with VRID but provides the backup path if the Master router becomes unavailable.
Virtual Router IP	An IP address associated with the VRID from which other hosts can obtain network service. The VRIP is managed by the VRRP instances belonging to a VRID.



Priority	The priority value used by the VRRP router when selecting the master virtual router.
Authentication Password	Enter the password for authentication

### **Routing Protocol – Routing Setting**

This page shows the information of the routing table. You can configure static and dynamic routing settings in this page.

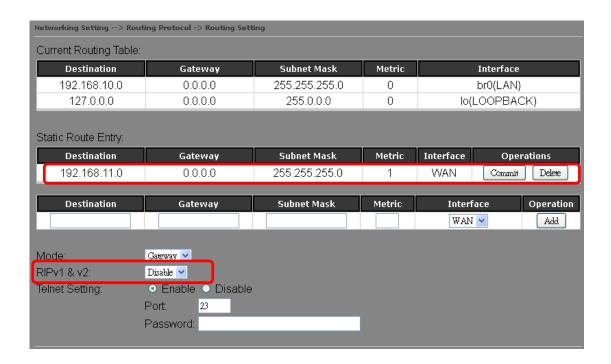


Current Routing Table:				
Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface
192.168.10.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	br0(LAN)
127.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0	lo(LOOPBACK)

#### **Static Routing**

When RIPv1 & v2 is **Disabled**, the router will operate in static routing mode, which means routers forward packets using either route information from route table entries that you manually configure or the route information that is calculated using dynamic routing algorithms.

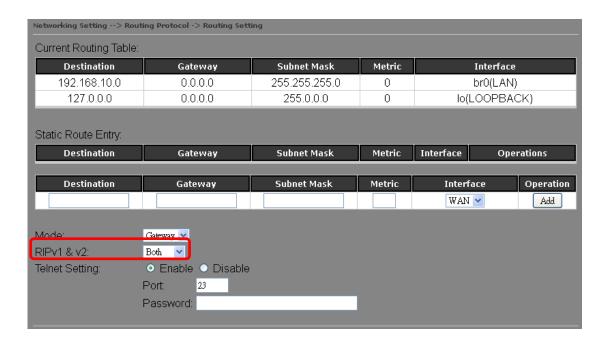




#### **Dynamic Routing**

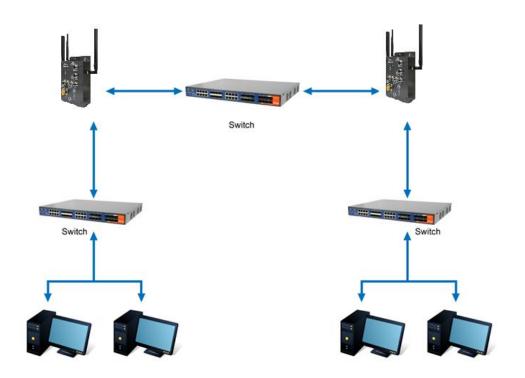
Dynamic routing lets routing tables in routers change as the routes change. If the best path to a destination cannot be used, dynamic routing protocols change routing tables when necessary to keep your network traffic moving. Dynamic routing protocols include RIP, OSPF, and BGP; however, the IGAR-2062 only supports RIP (Routing Information Protocol).

Do not choose **Disable** in the RIPv1 & v2 list if you want to enable Dynamic Routing. After clicking **Apply**, more information will be displayed in Current Routing Table.





Label	Description		
Current Routing	Shows all routing information, including static and dynamic routing		
Table	(if enabled)		
Static Route Entry	Fills in corresponding information to add new entries to the static		
	routing tablet		
Mode	Choose Gateway Mode if you want PCs in the LAN to visit external		
	network, otherwise choose <b>Router Mode</b>		
RIPv1 &v2	Choose <b>Disable</b> to disable dynamic routing or other options to		
	configure the interfaces for dynamic routing		
Telnet Setting	This option is only available when dynamic routing is enabled. It		
	allows you to make detailed configurations via simple comments.		
	ex Telnet 192.168.10.1		
	Command incomplete.		
	Hello, this is zebra (version 0.94).		
	Copyright 1996-2002 Kunihiro Ishiguro.		
	IAPR654978>		
	enable Turn on privileged mode command exit Exit current mode and down to previous mode		
	list Print command list		
	ping send echo messages quit Exit current mode and down to previous mode		
	show Show running system information		
	telnet Open a telnet connection		
	traceroute Trace route to destination		

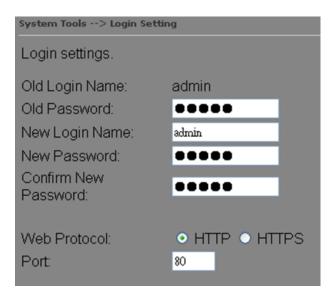


**Routing Topography** 



# 5.2.3 System Tools Login Setting

You can change login name and password in page. The default login name and password are both **admin**.



Label	Description		
Old Name	Type in current login name		
Old Password	Type in current password		
New Name	Enter a new login name. Acceptable characters contain '0-9',		
	'a-z', 'A-Z' and the length must be 1 to 15 characters. An empty		
	name is not acceptable.		
New Password	Enter a new login password. Acceptable characters contain		
	'0-9', 'a-z', 'A-Z' and the length must be 0 to 15 characters.		
Confirm New Password	Retype the new password to confirm it.		
Web Protocol	Choose a web management page protocol from HTTP and		
	HTTPS. HTTPS (HTTP over SSL) encrypts data sent and		
	received over the Web. Choose HTTPS if you want a secure		
	connection.		
Port	Choose a web management page port number. For HTTP,		
	default port is 80. For HTTPS, default port is 443.		

#### **Router Restart**

This page allows you to configure restart settings for the router.





Label	Description
Restart Now	Click to restart the router via warm reset
Scheduling	Enable: check to activate the setting
	Restart at: specify the time for resetting the router. You can configure the
	action to be performed periodically.

#### **Firmware Upgrade**

ORing launches new firmware constantly to enhance router performance and functions. To upgrade firmware, download new firmware from ORing's website to your PC and install it via Web upgrade. Make sure the firmware file matches the model of your router. It will take several minutes to upload and update the firmware. After upgrade completes successfully, reboot the router.





During firmware upgrading, do not turn off the power of the router or press the reset button.

#### **Save/Restore Configurations**

This page allows you to save configurations or return settings to previous status. You can download the configuration file from the Web. Note: users using old versions of Internet Explorer may have to click on the warning on top of the browser and choose Download File.







Label	Description	
Save	Click to save existing configurations as a file for future usage.	
Select File	You can restore configurations to previous status by installing a	
	previous configuration file. To do this, choose <b>Web Restore</b> or	
	Tftp Restore. If you choose Web Restore, you need to choose a	
	file and click Web Restore. If you selet Tftp Restore, fill in a Tftp	
	server IP address and the file name before clicking <b>Tftp Restore</b> .	
Restore Factory	Click to reset the router to the factory settings. The router will	
Default Setting	reboot to validate the default settings.	

#### Miscellaneous

This page enables you to run ping test which will send out ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet or if the WAN connection is OK. Enter a domain name or IP address in the destination box and click **Ping** to test.



#### **Event Warning**

When an error occurs, the router will notify you through system log, e-mail, SNMP, and relay.



# System Log

Even Warning Settings> System Log		
Syslog Server Settings		
Syslog Server IP:		
Syslog Server Port: 514	(0 represents default)	
2,4	(a represents details)	
Syslog Event Types		
Device Event Notification		
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	Syslog	
Software Reset (Warm Start)	Syslog	
Login Failed	Syslog	
IP Address Changed	□ Syslog	
Password Changed	Syslog	
Redundant Power Changed	Syslog	
Eth Link Status Changed	Syslog Syslog	
SNMP Access Failed	Syslog	
Wireless Client Associated	☐ Syslog	
Wireless Client Disassociated	☐ Syslog	
Client Mode Associated	☐ Syslog	
Client Mode Disassociated	Syslog	
Client Mode Roaming	Syslog	
Fault Event Notification		
Power 1 Fault	Custon	
Power 2 Fault	Syslog	
Eth Link Down	☐ Syslog	
	☐ Syslog	
DI1 ON->OFF DI2 ON->OFF	Syslog	
	Syslog	
DI3 ON->OFF	Syslog	
DI4 ON->OFF	Syslog	
DI1 OFF->ON	Syslog	
DI2 OFF->ON	Syslog	
DI3 OFF->ON	☐ Syslog	
DI4 OFF->ON	Syslog	

Label	Description	
Syslog Server IP	Enter the IP address of a remote server if you want the logs to be	
	stored remotely. Leave it blank will disable remote syslog.	
Syslog Server Port	Specifies the port to be logged remotely. Default port is 514.	



## E-mail

Even Warning Settings> E-mail		
E-mail Server Settings		
SMTP Server: (optional) Server Port: 25 (0 represents default) E-mail Address 1: E-mail Address 2: E-mail Address 3: E-mail Address 4:		
E-mail Event Types		
Device Event Notification		
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	SMTP Mail	
Software Reset (Warm Start)	SMTP Mail	
Login Failed	SMTP Mail	
IP Address Changed	SMTP Mail	
Password Changed	SMTP Mail	
Redundant Power Changed	SMTP Mail	
Eth Link Status Changed	SMTP Mail	
SNMP Access Failed	SMTP Mail	
Wireless Client Associated	SMTP Mail	
Wireless Client Disassociated	SMTP Mail	
Client Mode Associated	SMTP Mail	
Client Mode Disassociated	SMTP Mail	
Client Mode Roaming	SMTP Mail	
Fault Event Notification		
Power 1 Fault	C CUTC U. T	
Power 2 Fault	SMTP Mail SMTP Mail	
Eth Link Down	SMTP Mail	
DI1 ON->OFF	SMTP Mail	
DI2 ON->OFF	SMTP Mail	
DI3 ON->OFF	SMTP Mail	
DI4 ON->OFF	SMTP Mail	
DI1 OFF->ON	SMTP Mail	
DI2 OFF->ON	SMTP Mail	
DI3 OFF->ON	SMTP Mail	
DI4 OFF->ON	SMTP Mail	

Label	Description	
SMTP Server	Enter a backup host to be used when the primary host is	
	unavailable.	
Server Port	Specifies the port where MTA can be contacted via SMTP server	
E-mail Address 1-4	Enter the mail address that will receive notifications	



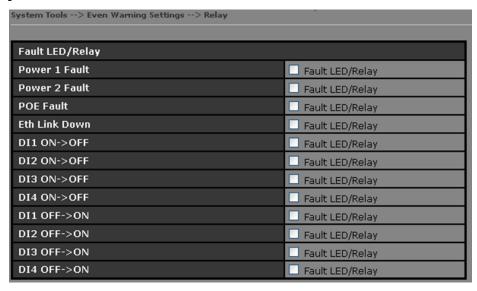
## **SNMP**

Even Warning Settings> SNMP Settings		
SNMP Settings		
SNMP Agent:  SNMP Trap Server 1:  SNMP Trap Server 2:  SNMP Trap Server 3:  SNMP Trap Server 4:  Community:  SysLocation:  SysContact:  SNMP Event Types		
Device Event Notification		
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	SNMP Trap	
Software Reset (Warm Start)	SNMP Trap	
Login Failed	SNMP Trap	
IP Address Changed	SNMP Trap	
Password Changed	SNMP Trap	
Redundant Power Changed	SNMP Trap	
Eth Link Status Changed	SNMP Trap	
SNMP Access Failed	SNMP Trap	
Wireless Client Associated	SNMP Trap	
Wireless Client Disassociated	SNMP Trap	
Client Mode Associated	SNMP Trap	
Client Mode Disassociated	SNMP Trap	
Client Mode Roaming	SNMP Trap	
Fault Event Notification		
Power 1 Fault	SNMP Trap	
Power 2 Fault	SNMP Trap	
Eth Link Down	SNMP Trap	
DI1 ON->OFF	SNMP Trap	
DI2 ON->OFF	SNMP Trap	
DI3 ON->OFF	SNMP Trap	
DI4 ON->OFF	SNMP Trap	
DI1 OFF->ON	SNMP Trap	
DI2 OFF->ON	SNMP Trap	
DI3 OFF->ON SNMP Trap		
DI4 OFF->ON	SNMP Trap	



Label	Description
SNMP Agent	SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Agent is a service
	program that runs on the access point. The agent provides management
	information to the NMS by keeping track of various operational aspects
	of the AP system. You can enable or disable the function.
SNMP Trap	Enter the IP address of the SNMP server which will send out traps
Server 1-4	generated by the AP.
Community	Community is a password to establish trust between managers and
	agents. Normally, <b>public</b> is used for read-write community.
SysLocation	Specifies sysLocation string
SysContact	Specifies sysContact string

# Relay



## **DIDO**

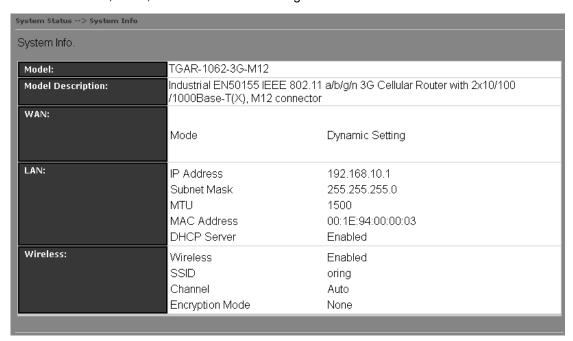




## 5.2.4 System Status

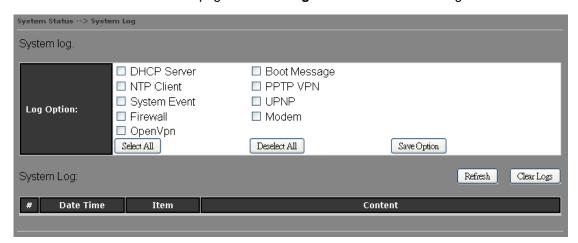
#### System Info

This page displays the detailed information of the router including model name, description, firmware version, WAN, LAN and wireless settings.



#### System Log

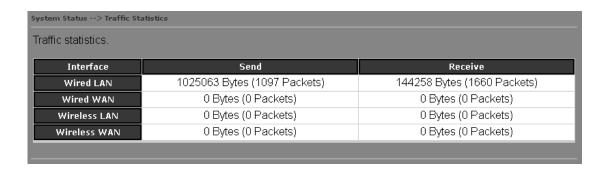
The router will constantly log events and activities and provide the files for you to review. You can click **Refresh** to renew the page or **Clear Logs** to clear all or certain log entries.



#### **Traffic Statistics**

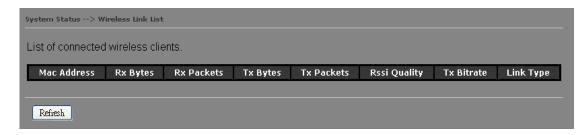
This page displays network traffic statistics for packets both received and transmitted through Ethernet ports and wireless connections.





## **Wireless Link List**

This page displays the Mac address of all wireless clients connected.





# **Technical Specifications**

ORing WLAN Access Point Model	TGAR-1062-M12-3G	TGAR-1062-M12-4G	TGAR-2062-M12-3G	TGAR-2062-M12-3G
Physical Ports				
10/100/1000Base-T(X) Ports in M12 Auto MDI/MDIX (8-pin A-coding)	2			
DIDO port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)	2 (DI x 4 and DO x 4)			
RS-232 Console port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)	115200, 8 ,N ,1			
Relay port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)		1A	@24VDC	
SIM Card Slot	1	1	2	2
WLAN interface				
Antenna Connector		2 x reverse SMA-t	type antenna connector	
Radio Frequency Type	DSSS, OFDM		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Radio Frequency Type	•	BPSK OPSK OAM 640AM		
Modulation	IEEE802.11a: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, QAM, 64QAM IEEE802.11b: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK IEEE802.11g: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM IEEE802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM			
Frequency Band	America / FCC: 2.412~2.462 GHz (11 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz & 5.745~5.825 GHz ( 9 channels )  Europe CE / ETSI: 2.412~2.472 Ghz (13 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz (4 channels)			
Transmission Rate	IEEE802.11b: 1 / 2 / 5.5 / 11 Mbps IEEE802.11a/g: 6 / 9 / 12 / 18 / 24 / 36 / 48 / 54 Mbps IEEE801.11n: up to 300Mbps			
Transmit Power	802.11a: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11b: 18dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11g: 15dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11gn HT20: 13dBm ± 1.5dBm@150Mbps 802.11gn HT40: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@300Mbps 802.11an HT20: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@150Mbps 802.11an HT40: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@300Mbps			
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11a: -68dBm ±2dBm@54Mbps 802.11b: -85dBm ±2dBm@11Mbps 802.11g: -68dBm ±2dBm@54Mbps 802.11gn HT20: -68dBm ±2dBm@150Mbps 802.11gn HT40: -68dBm ±2dBm@300Mbps 802.11an HT20: -68dBm ±2dBm@150Mbps 802.11an HT40: -68dBm ±2dBm@300Mbps			
Encryption Security	WEP: (64-bit ,128-bit key supported) WPA/WPA2 :802.11i(WEP and AES encryption) WPAPSK (256-bit key pre-shared key supported) 802.1X Authentication supported TKIP encryption			
Wireless Security	SSID broadcast disable			
Cellular Interface				
Cellular Standard	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+ /LTE	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+ /LTE
Antenna Connector	1 x RP-SMA Female	1 x SMA Female	2 x RP-SMA Female	2 x SMA Female



		America(US)		
Band Option	Dual-band: HSUPA 1900/2100 MHz Quad-band: GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA 850/900/1900/2100 MHz	LTE:     700/1700/2100/ MHz UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/H SPA+/DC-HSPA+:  800/850/1900/2100 MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE:  850/900/1800/1900 MHz Europe(EU) LTE:  800/900/1800/2100/2 600 MHz UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/H SPA+/DC-HSPA+:     900/2100 MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE:  900/1800/1900	Dual-band: HSUPA 1900/2100 MHz Quad-band: GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA 850/900/1900/2100 MHz	America(US) LTE:
		MHz		
Protocol Support				
Protocol	ARP,BOOTP, DHCP, DNS, H	HTTP, IP, ICMP, SNTP, TCP, U	DP, RADIUS, SNMP, PPPoE, S	TP (IEEE 802.1D)
LED indicators				
Power Indicator	2 x LEDs, Green for Powe	er on		
10/100/1000Base-T(X) Indicator	2 x LEDs, Green for port	Link/Act		
WLAN LED	1 x LED, Green for WLAN Link/Act			
WAN LED	1 x LED, Green for Cellular modem Link/ Act 2 x LEDs, Green for functioning normal			
Fault Indicator	1 x LED, Red for Ethernet	1 x LED, Red for Ethernet link down or power down indicator		
Fault contact				
Relay	Relay output to carry cap	acity of 3A at 24VDC	Relay output to carry capa	acity of 1A at 24VDC
Power				
Redundant Input Power	Dual Power Inputs. 12~4	8 VDC on M23 connector (24	4 VDC Typ.)	
Power Consumption (Typ.)	9 Watts	9.5 Watts	13 Watts	15 Watts
Overload Current Protection	Present			
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present			
Physical Characteristic				
Enclosure	IP-40			
Dimension (W x D x H)		1(H) mm (4.94 x 2.55 x 7.7	<u> </u>	T
Weight (g)	985g	968g	1030g	1030g
Environmental				
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)			
Operating Temperature	-25 to 70°C (-13 to 158°F)			
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condens	шу 		
Regulatory approvals  EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN5	5022) class A, EN50155 (EN	50121-3-2)	
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11			



Shock	IEC60068-2-27, EN61373
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6, EN61373
Rail Traffic	EN50155
Cooling	EN60068-2-1
Dry Heat	EN60068-2-2
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years

ORing WLAN Access Point Model	TGAR-1662-M12-3G	TGAR-1662-M12-4G	
Physical Ports			
10/100/1000Base-T(X) Ports in M12 Auto MDI/MDIX (8-pin A-coding)	2		
DIDO port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)	2 (DI x 4 and DO x 4)		
RS-232 Console port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)	115200, 8 ,N ,1		
Relay port in M12 (5-pin A-coding)		1A@24VDC	
SIM Card Slot		1	
WLAN interface			
Antenna Connector	4 x rev	rerse SMA-type antenna connector	
Radio Frequency Type	DSSS, OFDM		
Modulation	IEEE802.11a: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, QAM, 64QAM IEEE802.11b: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK IEEE802.11g: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM IEEE802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM		
Frequency Band	America / FCC: 2.412~2.462 GHz (11 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz & 5.745~5.825 GHz ( 9 channels )  Europe CE / ETSI: 2.412~2.472 Ghz (13 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz (4 channels)		
Transmission Rate	IEEE802.11b: 1 / 2 / 5.5 / 11 Mbps IEEE802.11a/g: 6 / 9 / 12 / 18 / 24 / 36 / 48 / 54 Mbps IEEE801.11n: up to 300Mbps		
Transmit Power	802.11a: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11b: 18dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11g: 15dBm ± 1.5dBm 802.11gn HT20: 13dBm ± 1.5dBm@150Mbps 802.11gn HT40: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@300Mbps 802.11an HT20: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@150Mbps 802.11an HT40: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@300Mbps		
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11a: -68dBm ±2dBm@54Mbps 802.11b: -85dBm ±2dBm@11Mbps 802.11g: -68dBm ±2dBm@54Mbps 802.11gn HT20: -68dBm ±2dBm@150Mbps 802.11gn HT40: -68dBm ±2dBm@300Mbps 802.11an HT20: -68dBm ±2dBm@150Mbps 802.11an HT40: -68dBm ±2dBm@300Mbps		
Encryption Security	WEP: (64-bit ,128-bit key supported) WPA/WPA2 :802.11i(WEP and AES encr WPAPSK (256-bit key pre-shared key st 802.1X Authentication supported TKIP encryption		
Wireless Security	SSID broadcast disable		



Cellular Interface				
Cellular Standard	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA /	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+		
	HSDPA / HSUPA	/LTE		
Antenna Connector	1 x Reverse SMA Female	1 x SMA Female		
Band Option	Dual-band: HSUPA 1900/2100 MHz Quad-band: GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA 850/900/1900/2100 MHz	America(US)  LTE:     700/1700/2100/ MHz  UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+:     800/850/1900/2100 MHz  GSM/GPRS/EDGE:     850/900/1800/1900 MHz  Europe(EU)  LTE:     800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz  UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+:     900/2100 MHz  GSM/GPRS/EDGE:     900/1800/1900 MHz		
Protocol Support				
Protocol	ARP,BOOTP, DHCP, DNS, HTTP, IP, ICMP,	SNTP, TCP, UDP, RADIUS, SNMP, PPPoE, STP (IEEE 802.1D)		
LED indicators				
Power Indicator	2 x LEDs, Green for Power on			
10/100/1000Base-T(X) Indicator	2 x LEDs, Green for port Link/Act			
WLAN LED	2 x LED, Green for WLAN Link/Act			
WAN LED	1 x LED, Green for Cellular modem Link/ Act			
Fault Indicator	1 x LED, Red for Ethernet link down or power down indicator			
Fault contact				
Relay	Relay output to carry capacity of 1A at 24	4VDC		
Power				
Redundant Input Power	Dual Power Inputs. 12~48 VDC on M23 of	connector (24 VDC Typ.)		
Power Consumption (Typ.)	13 Watts	14 Watts		
Overload Current Protection	Present			
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present			
Physical Characteristic				
Enclosure	IP-40			
Dimension (W x D x H)	125.6(W) x 65(D) x 196.1(H) mm (4.94 x 2.55 x 7.72 inch.)			
Weight (g)		1030g		
Environmental	10.1.0705 1.1.1.1.1.1			
Storage Temperature		-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)		
Operating Temperature	-25 to 70°C (-13 to 158°F)			
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing			
Regulatory approvals	ECC Dart 15 CISDD (ENEED22) class A			
EMS EMS	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A, EN50155 (EN50121-3-2)  EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS),			
Shock	EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11			
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-27, EN61373 IEC60068-2-32			
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6, EN61373			
Rail Traffic	EN50155			
Cooling	EN60068-2-1			
	LIYUUU00-Z-1			



Dry Heat	EN60068-2-2
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years



## Compliance

#### **FCC Statement**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment. This device should be operated with minimum distance 20cm between the device and all persons. Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

#### **Industry Canada Statement**

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Industry Canada - Class B This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the interference-causing equipment standard entitled "Digital Apparatus," ICES-003 of Industry Canada.

Cet appareil numérique respecte les limites de bruits radioélectriques applicables aux appareils numériques de Classe B prescrites dans la norme sur le matérial brouilleur: "Appareils Numériques," NMB-003 édictée par l'Industrie.



Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'opération est soumise aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) cet appareil ne peut causer d'interférences, et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer fonctionnement du dispositif.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

Afin de réduire les interférences radio potentielles pour les autres utilisateurs, le type d'antenne et son gain doivent être choisie que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (PIRE) est pas plus que celle premise pour une communication réussie

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Avertissement d'exposition RF: L'équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux RF établies pour un incontrôlés environnement. L'antenne (s) utilisée pour ce transmetteur ne doit pas être co-localisés ou fonctionner en conjonction avec toute autre antenne ou transmetteur.